# RE-EVALUATION OF THE FIFRA SECTION 24(c) REVIEW PROCESS FOR STATE REGISTRATIONS THAT ARE MORE RESTRICTIVE THAN THE FEDERAL REGISTRATION

#### **ISSUE**

- Section 24(c) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) states that "A state may provide registration for additional uses of federally registered pesticides formulated for distribution and use within that State to meet special local needs…"
- In practice, this provision also enables states to expand a label by, for instance, adding a localized pest species or special application timing to accommodate the needs of state growers.
- Occasionally, however, rather than providing for state registration of additional uses not included on the EPA-approved label, some states issue section 24(c) registrations that are more narrow than the EPA-approved label, for example, adding a more restrictive application cut-off date, adding training and certification requirements, or limiting the number of treatments permitted by the EPA-approved label.

#### ACTION

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Ex. 5 Deliberative Process (DP)

## **KEY POINTS**

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Ex. 5 Deliberative Process (DP)

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### **RECOMMENDATION**

• OCSPP recommends that a Notice of Availability be published within the Federal Register that requests state lead agencies and the general public to provide comment on the 24(c) comment document that outlines EPA's re-evaluation of the FIFRA section 24(c) review process. The document will have a comment period of 90 days.

# **BACKGROUND**

- Many 24(c) registrations are for additional uses not authorized by the EPA-approved label, for example, applying the pesticide to a different crop (provided a tolerance exists for that crop) to address an outbreak of disease, adding an alternative application method that suits the practices of that state, or adding a new pest species that is not on the EPA-approved label.
- Nothing in Section 24(c) indicates that a state may place restrictions on a federally approved label. Section 24(a), however, provides states with the ability to place restrictions that exceed the federally approved label: [a] "State may regulate the sale or use of any federally registered pesticide or device in the State, but only if and to the extent the regulation does not permit any sale or use prohibited by this Act." Although EPA is not formally part of the FIFRA section 24(a) process, the Agency is aware of examples where states have used this approach to impose additional restrictions to an EPA-approved label.
- EPA currently receives approximately 300 notifications of section 24(c) registrations annually. The majority of these 24(c) registrations are for additional uses not authorized by the EPA-approved label, which clearly fall within the scope of FIFRA section 24(c).
- In the past, EPA has generally allowed 24(c) registrations with more restrictions than the EPA-approved label.